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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the smount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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WALTER STUMBERGER

203 Dutch Neck Road Hightstown, NJ 08520 609 490 0794

Patent Application #10/776102: February 10, 2006

Dear Mr. Kitov,

In regard to your remarks concerning Patent Application #10/776102:

No previous patent application reveals the concurrent use of both dielectric and non-dielectric conduit segments.

The problem solved by this invention is one of providing electrical power that is electrically and electromagnetically isolated from the source of the input energy. No previous application offers this function.

It is known to those with ordinary skill in the relevant art that the generally accepted definition of a dielectric is a substance that resists the flow of current electricity more than ambient air.

It is known to those with ordinary skill in the relevant art that the generally accepted definition of a non-dielectric is a substance that resists the flow of current electricity less than ambient air.

It is known to those with ordinary skill in the relevant art that ambient air has an electrical coefficient of 1 and therefore is neither a dielectric nor a non-dielectric.

It is known to those with ordinary skill in the relevant art that partial vacuum causes agitated air molecules to separate, thus eliminating their ionic conductivity.

Specifically in regard to your objections to claims 1 and 2. According to generally accepted scientific resources:

- 1. Air ambient is not a dielectric.
- 2. Agitated and compressed air is ionic and is therefore a conductor.
- 3. While properly prepared oil may be a dielectric and limit conductive electrical propagation, that same oil is transparent to electromagnetic propagation.
- 4. "Plastic" is not an electrical characteristic.

Specifically in regard to your objections to Claim 3, as revealed, this method uses torque converters as a component in an overall system that delivers protected electricity in a new and novel way. It is not a torque converter. This application makes no claim to modify any torque converter.

Attached are proposed revisions to the application, as requested. If these meet your approval I will be happy to forward to you a revised application in any convenient format. Feel free to call me at the number above.

Walt Stumberger